WISCONSIN STATE **LEGISLATURE** COMMITTEE HEARING RECORDS

Assembly

Committee on Campaigns & Elections (AC-CE)

File Naming Example:

Record of Comm. Proceedings ... RCP

- 05hr_AC-Ed_RCP_pt01a 05hr_AC-Ed_RCP_pt01b
- 05hr_AC-Ed_RCP_pt02

Published Documents

- Committee Hearings ... CH (Public Hearing Announcements)
- Committee Reports ... CR
- Executive Sessions ... ES
- Record of Comm. Proceedings ... RCP

Information Collected For Or Against Proposal

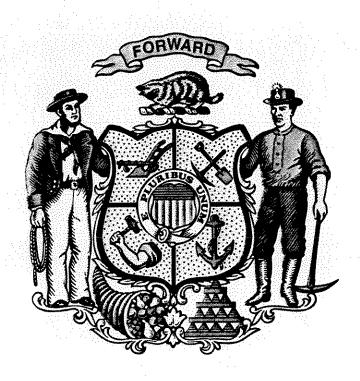
- Appointments ... Appt
- Clearinghouse Rules ... CRule
- ► <u>Hearing Records</u> ... HR (bills and resolutions)
- > 99hr_ab0215_AC-CE_pt01
- <u>Miscellaneous</u> ... Misc

Vote Record

Assembly Committee on Campaigns and Elections

	* •						
Date: 3/1/99 Moved by: Sudu AB: 45 AB: SB: SB: AJR: SJR: AS: SR:		Seconded by: Clearinghouse Rule: Appointment: Other:			Frese		
A/S Amdt: A/S Amdt: A/S Sub Amdt: A/S Amdt: A/S Amdt: Be recommended for:	to A/S Amdt: to A/S Sub Amd: to A/S Amdt:	Indefini	ite Postpone	to A/S Sub An	ndt:		
Passage Introduction Adoption Rejection		Tabling Concui Noncoi Confirm	rrence ncurrence				
Committee Member Rep. Stephen Freese, Chair Rep. Scott Suder Rep. Scott Walker Rep. Phil Montgomery Rep. Bonnie Ladwig Rep. David Travis Rep. David Cullen Rep. Mark Miller Rep. Gary Sherman				Absent	Not Voting		
	Totals:	9	0		***************************************		

	<	
Motion Carried	Motion Failed	





Wisconsin Speaker Pro Tempore Representative Stephen I. Freese

Testimony of Representative Stephen J. Freese Assembly Bill 215 Committee on Campaigns and Elections March 17, 1999

- Last session this bill passed the Assembly 91-4, but never got out of the Senate
- Federal law prohibits any foreign contribution in connection with an election to ANY political office – USCS 441e. Unless California's CRI passed in 1997 there is no state counterpart because of the federal provisions seemingly all encompassing language.
- California worked on an initiative in 1997 known as the California Reform Initiative (CRI) that would have prohibited foreign money at the state level because they were unaware of the federal law's reach. They felt that CA law allowed a loophole because no state expressly forbids foreign contributions. I am uncertain as to whether it passed or not, but I have a call into the California Speaker's Office to get an answer.
- I think it is obvious why we need to pass this bill out of committee. We do not know what the scope of the federal law is and so I believe we need to create a law in Wisconsin that will protect our election process from foreign influence.
- *THE REASON THIS BILL IS BROUGHT FORWARD IS

 BECAUSE IF A VIOLATION OF THE LAW OCCURRED

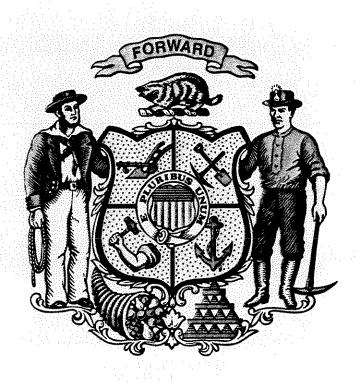
 IN A LEGISLATIVE OF MAYOR'S RACE, IT WOULD

 TAKE A U.S. DISTRICT ATTORNEY TO PROSECUTE. OUR

 BILL WOULD ALLOW THE STATE TO TAKE A CAUSE

 OF ACTION.

Fifty-First Assembly District





SCOTT R. JENSEN ASSEMBLY SPEAKER

	V	4			1	
		I			A	

BJH

CRT From:

Date:

Re:

February 23, 1998

Foreign Contributions to State and Local Elections

Show 7-9025 Haah 6 3370 0 2-25 - Getting back to me on Mon.

□Jodie

□Brett

□Bert

ÚChad

Frm Ltr

□Route

□Steve

□Carrie

ONRN

Federal law prohibits any foreign contribution in connection with an election to any political office. (See 2 USCS 441e - attached). There is no state counter-part because of the federal provision's seemingly all encompassing language. California may be bringing this initiative because: (1) would help with

more information regarding foreign contributions to state and local campaigns. She stated that they were aware of the Federal Law preventing such contributions, however, felt that CA law allowed a loophole because no state law expressly forbid such action. Ms. Khachigian further stated that the CA prohibition would simply reiterate the Federal Law within the CA code, thus, allowing violators to be charged under CA state law.

Call LRB -> is drafting

Federal Election Commission

principal campaign committee, exceeds the contribution limits set forth at 11 other contributions contributor to the transferee from the

OFR 110.1 or 110.2, as appropriate; and (iii) The candidate has not elected to receive funds under 26 U.S.C. 9006 or 9037 for either election; or

(6) [Reserved]

ments for separate campaign organiza-tions set forth at 11 CFR 110.8(d). office, or for a Federal office and a noncandidate for more than one Federal federal office, shall follow the require-(7) The authorized committees of a

mittee may refund contributions, and may coordinate arrangements with the candidate's principal campaign committee or other authorized committee campaigns. Transfers of funds or assets from a candidate's campaign committee or account for a nonfederal election mittee or other authorized committee for a federal election are prohibited. to his or her principal campaign comfor a solicitation by such committee(s) to the same contributors. The full cost federal committee, the nonfederal com-However, at the option of the nonof this solicitation shall be paid by the Federal committee. (d) Transfers from nonfederal to federal

[54 FR 34110, Aug. 17, 1989, and 54 FR 48580, Nov. 24, 1969; 58 FR 3476, Jan. 8, 1963]

§110.4 Prohibited contributions U.S.C. 441e, 441f, 441g, 482(e)(2)).

(a) Contributions or expenditures by foreign nationals (1) A foreign nationals shall not directly or through any other nection with any local, State, or Fedvention, a caucus, or a primary, general, special, or runoff election in conexpenditure, in connection with a conpromise to make a contribution, or an penditure, or expressly or impliedly person make a contribution, or an exeral public office.

receive a contribution as set out above (2) No person shall solicit, accept, or

(3) A foreign national shall not direct, dictate, control, or directly or indirectly participate in the decisiona corporation, labor organization, or political committee, with regard to from a foreign national. such person's Federal or nonfedera election-related activities, such making process of any person, such as

cisions concerning the making of conor Federal office or decisions concerntion with elections for any local, State, tributions or expenditures in connecing the administration of a political

committee. (4) For purposes of this section, for

22 U.S.C. 611(b); or

of the United States and who is not dence, as defined in 8 U.S.C. 1101(a)(20); (111) Except that foreign national shall lawfully admitted for permanent resi-

not include any individual who is a cit-

other. (1) No person shall— (i) Make a contribution in the name

name to be used cribution; $\widehat{\Xi}$ Knowingly permit his or to be used to effect that S 100

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value, all or part of which was provided to the contributor by another person (the true contributor) without disolorcommittee at the time the contribuvalue to the recipient candidate or ing the source of money or the thing of

(11) Making a contribution of money

spect to any campaign for nomination for election or election to Federal of-fice, no person shall make contributions to a candidate or political com-mittee of currency of the United States, or of any foreign country, which in the aggregate exceed \$100.

over \$100 to the contributor. \$100 shall promptly return the amount ing a cash contribution in excess of (2) A candidate or committee receiv-

ing an anonymous cash contribution in (3) A candidate or committee receiv-

eign national means— (i) A foreign principal, as defined

izen of the United States.

(b) Contributions in the name of

of another;

name of another; or person in making a contribution in the (iii) Knowingly help or assist any

made by one person in the name of an-(iv) Knowingly accept a contribution

name of another include— Examples of contributions in the

tion is made, see 11 CFR 110.6; or (i) Giving money or anything of

or anything of value and attributing as the source of the money or thing of value another person when in fact the contributor is the source. (c) Cash contributions. (1) With re-

[64 FR 94112, Aug. 17, 1989, and 54 FR 48589, Nov. 24, 1989, as amended at 54 FR 48582, Nov. \$50 may be used for any lawful purpose unrelated to any Federal election, excess of \$50 shall promptly dispose of the amount over \$50. The amount over campaign, or candidate.

74, 1989; 55 FR 1139, Jan. 11, 1990]

\$110.5 Annual contribution limitation for individuals (2 U.S.C. 441a(a)(3)).

except individuals prohibited making contributions under 11 contributions made by any individual 110.4 and 11 OFR part 115. (a) Scope. This section applies to all OFE

endar year which aggregate more than shall make contributions in any cal-Annual limitation. No individual

year. (1) For the purposes of this section, nonelection year means a year other than the calendar year in which a particular election is held. (c) Contributions made in a nonelection

contribution to a candidate or his or her authorized committee with respect to a particular election made in a non-election year shall be considered to be made during the calendar year in which such election is held.

(3) For purposes of this section, any (2) For purposes of this section, any

contribution to an unauthorized com-mittee which is made in a nonelection year shall not be considered to be made during the calendar year in which an Heation is held unless:

supported or anticipates supporting the (i) The political committee is a mndidate; or

the contributor for a particular can-didate with respect to a particular nection. (ii) The contribution is earmarked by

made to persons, including political committees, making independent expenditures under 11 CFR part 109. mal limitation on contributions in this section applies to contributions independent expenditures. The an-

on contributions in this section applies to contributions to delegates and delesate committees under 11 CFR 110.14. (e) Contributions to delegates and delegate committees. The annual limitation

94 FR 34112, Aug. 17, 1989 and 54 FR 48580. Nov. 24, 1989)

§110.6 Earmarked U.S.C. 441a(a)(8)). contributions

(a) General. All contributions by a

ignation, instruction, or encumbrance, whether direct or indirect, express or implied, oral or written, which results in all or any part of a contribution or expenditure being made to, or expended on behalf of, a clearly identified candidate or a candidate's authorized comthis section, earmarked means a destions from the person to the candidate. directed to the candidate through an are in any way earmarked or otherwise person made on behalf of or to a can-didate, including contributions which intermediary or conduit, are contribu-(b) Definitions. (1) For purposes of

marked contribution to a candidate or a candidate's authorized committee, duit or intermediary means any person except as provided (b)(2)(1) of this section. who receives and forwards an (2) For purposes of this section, con-Ħ paragraph -188

ered to be conduits or intermediaries: (1) For purposes of this section,

or a full-time volunteer working for the candidate's authorized committee, provided that the individual is not acting in his or her capacity as a representative of an entity prohibited (A) An individual who is an employee

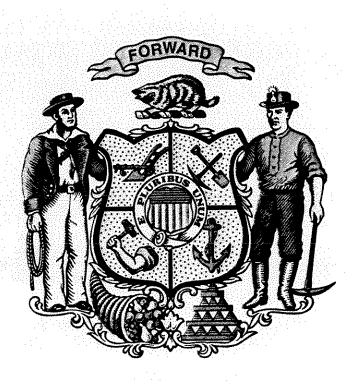
from making contributions;
(B) A fundraising representative conducting joint fundraising with the candidate's authorized committee pursuant to 11 OFR 102.17 or 9034.8;

fined in 11 CFR 100.5(g); (C) An affiliated committee, as de-

retained by the candidate or the can-didate's authorized committee to assist in fundraising; and (E) An individual who is expressly (D) A commercial fundralsing firm

didate's campaign organization, pro-vided that the individual is not acting gage in fundraising, and who occupies a significant position within the candidate's authorized committee to enauthorized by the candidate or the caning contributions. tive of an entity prohibited from mak in his or her capacity as a representa-

(ii) Any person who is prohibited from making contributions or expendiin connection with an election



BILL MEMORANDUM

March 19, 1996

To:

Assembly Republican Legislators and Staff

From:

R. J. Pirlot

Subject:

Assembly Bill 925, prohibiting political contributions by foreign nationals.

AB 925 prohibits foreign nationals from making contributions to any candidate for state or local office in this state or to any individual, committee or group who or which accepts contributions and makes expenditures for the purpose of influencing an election for state or local office or the outcome of a referendum in this state.

No state prohibition currently exists.

AB 925 was introduced by Rep. Jensen on March 17, 1998, and referred to the calendar.